

Complaints Policy Wincle CE Primary School

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Wincle CE Primary School Wincle Macclesfield Cheshire SK11 0QH Tel: 01260 212592

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Version control

Date updated:	Brief summary of changes:
February 202 <mark>54</mark>	Clarification to process and to informal complaints or concerns. No changes

Our school's vision:

Wincle School creates an enriching and outstanding rural education, nurturing the whole individual: body, mind and soul, inspiring rounded, happy, courageous children who exhibit a passion for learning, a confident faith, a loving concern for community and an inclusive respect for all.

To ensure our vision can be accomplished, there is a requirement for us as a school to be open with our families. Through demonstrating an 'inclusive respect' for all, we ensure that parents have 'a voice' in many ways so that any worries or concerns can be dealt with quickly.

We encourage our pupils to 'Shine like Stars' (Philippians 2:15) and to do this run with the following acronym:

		No act of kindness, no matter how small, is ever wasted." Aesop
5	Service	future.
		★ We encourage our pupils to challenge injustice and inequality
		Our principles are founded on the truth that we are loved by the Father, Saved by the Son and Sanctified by
		the Holy Spirit.
T	Theology	We want to ignite passion and curiosity for learning, providing an exciting curriculum to inspire all learners to be
•		the best they can be.
★ We encourage our pupils to show integrity		★ We encourage our pupils to show integrity
		★ We would like our pupils to have the courage to fight for what is important
Α	Attitude	When things are challenging, we would like our pupils to display perseverance and not give up.
		Learn from yesterday, live for today, hope for tomorrow" Albert Einstein
		★ We nurture the whole individual: body, mind and soul
		★ We encourage the pupils to respect every living creature and show compassion.
R	Relationships	★ve would like our children to treat other people as they would like to be treated following Jesus' example.
,,		We are all unique
		We help all ♪ bildren build trusting relationships
		★ Clothe yourselves ★ compassion, kindness, humility, gentleness and patience.' (Colossians 3:12)
_	Shine like	Tam the Light of the world; he who follows Me will not walk in the darkness, but will have the Light of life."
5	stars	(John 8:12)
		We would like our pupils to shine in their behaviour, attitudes, relationships and learning.

1. Scope of this Procedure

This complaints procedure is not limited to parents or carers of children that are registered at the school. Any person, including members of the public, may make a complaint about any facilities or services that the school provides. Unless complaints are dealt with under separate statutory procedures (such as appeals relating to exclusions or admissions), the school will use this complaints procedure. Any complaints which subsequently lead to staff conduct actions will be considered under staff disciplinary procedures, if appropriate, but outcomes of this will be confidential and will not be shared with the complainant. The scope of this complaints' procedure is covered in more detail in Appendix A.

2. Timescales

Complaints must be raised within three months of the incident or, where a series of associated incidents have occurred, within three months of the last of these incidents. The school will consider complaints made outside of this timeframe only if the chair of governors and headteacher, having taken advice, are of the view that exceptional circumstances apply.

All timescales in this procedure refer to school working days, for this school, excluding school holidays, inservice training (Inset) days and bank holidays.

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Any complaints made outside of term time will be considered to have been received on the first school day after the holiday period.

3. Anonymous complaints

Anonymous complaints will not normally be investigated. However, the headteacher or chair of governors, if appropriate, will determine whether the complaint warrants an investigation.

4.

Where the school judges a complaint to be unreasonable or where a complainant is making serial complaints or raising issues again that have previously been addressed under the final formal stage of the school's complaints procedure, the procedure outlined at Appendix D may be invoked.

5. How to Raise a Complaint

A <u>concern / informal complaint</u> can be made initially in person, in writing or by telephone. It may also be made by a third party acting on someone else's behalf, as long as they have appropriate consent to do so.

In the first instance, parental concerns should normally be raised with the class teacher or, if the concern is about the class teacher, with a member of the senior leadership team or the headteacher. If the issue remains unresolved, the next step is to make a formal complaint under Formal Stage 1 of this procedure.

Complainants should not approach individual governors to raise concerns or complaints. Governors have no power to act on an individual basis and this may also prevent them from considering a complaint if it reaches Stage 2 of this procedure.

A <u>formal complaint against a member of school staff</u> (except the headteacher) should be made in the first instance to the headteacher via the school office and should be marked as private and confidential.

A <u>formal complaint that involves or is about the headteacher</u> should be addressed to the chair of governors, via the school office, and should be marked as private and confidential.

A <u>formal complaint about the chair of governors, any individual governor or the whole governing board</u> should be addressed to the clerk to the governing board via the school office and should be marked as private and confidential.

For ease of use, a template complaint form is included at the end of this procedure (Appendix B). Help in completing the form can be accessed via the school office.

In accordance with equalities law, the school will consider making reasonable adjustments if required, to enable complainants to access and complete this complaints procedure. This may include providing information in alternative formats, assisting individuals in raising a formal complaint or holding meetings in accessible locations.

6. Withdrawal of a Complaint

<u>If a complainant wishes to withdraw their complaint, they will be asked to confirm this in writing. Once a complaint has been withdrawn the same issue cannot be raised again.</u>

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7. Resolving complaints and outcomes

At each stage in the procedure (informal, formal stage 1, formal stage 2), the school will hope to be able to resolve the complaint. If As appropriate, it will be acknowledged communicated that the complaint is upheld in whole, upheld or not upheld. In addition, one or more of the following may be offered:

- *an explanation
- •__*an admission that the situation could have been handled differently or better
- •
- ___*an explanation of the steps that have been or will be taken to help ensure that it will not happen again and an indication of the timescales within which any changes will be made
- *an undertaking to review school policies in light of the complaint
- *an apology

Withdrawal of a Complaint

It is in everyone's interest that concerns and complaints are resolved at the earliest possible stage. Many issues can be resolved without the need to use the formal stages of the complaints' procedure. The school aims to take all concerns seriously and will make every effort to resolve issues raised as quickly as possible.

Identifying informal complaints: The school should treat all expressions of disagreement as an informal complaint and attempt to resolve them – rarely do such concerns arrive under the label 'informal complaint'. They are an opportunity to build understanding on both sides and engage in constructive discussion.

<u>Complaint Handler:</u> If an individual has difficulty discussing a concern with a particular member of staff, the school will respect this. In this case the complainant will be referred to another staff member. Similarly, if the member of staff directly involved feels unable to deal with a concern, the complainant will be referred to another staff member. The member of staff will usually be more senior but does not have to be. The ability to consider the concern objectively and impartially is more important.

Approach: In handling the informal complaint, the school should ensure sufficient time and the right environment are provided to listen to the concerns raised. Where possible communication should be in person, not over email. The school should listen to the concerns in full, ask questions to clarify understanding and ensure they have fully understood the issues before responding. One conversation may be sufficient to address the issue, but if further information or thought is required, both parties should agree when they will come back together again.

<u>Escalation</u>: The school would hope and expect to be able to deal with most concerns raised on an informal basis, and a complainant should not raise a formal complaint before discussing their concerns informally with an appropriate member of staff. It is understood, however, that there are occasions when people remain dissatisfied and would like to raise their concerns formally. In this case every attempt will be made to resolve the issue through the formal stages outlined within this complaints' procedure.

7.2 Formal Stage 1

Raising the complaint: Should informal handling not resolve the situation to the satisfaction of the complainant, a fFormal complaints must can be submitted be in writing, preferably on the complaints' form provided at Appendix B, to the headteacher, other than in the circumstances that the complaint is regarding the headteacher. as detailed in section 5, using the form in Appendix B.

receipt of the complaint in writing (either by letter or email) within five school days, attaching a copy of the

complaints policy and confirming who has been appointed to manage the complaint (head teacher, appointed member of staff or appointed governor).

Appointing the complaint handler: The head teacher will be the default choice to handle all complaints. However, if the complaint is about the headteacher, or a member or members of the governing board (including the chair and/or vice-chair), a suitably skilled governor/trustee will be appointed to complete all the actions at Formal Stage 1.

If the complaint is about significant members, proportions or indeed the entire governing board, Formal Stage 1 will be considered by an independent investigator appointed by the Diocese. At the conclusion of their investigation, the independent investigator will provide a formal written response.

—If the complainant has reservations about who has been appointed to hear the complaint due to concerns around conflict of interest or bias, these should be discussed before proceeding. If agreement cannot be reached, the Chair of Governors will make the final decision, considering the risks and mitigation to reach a reasonable outcome.

Once appointed, the complaint handler should communicate to the complainant an outline of the process that will be followed and anticipated timeframes.

Information Gathering: Within this response, t The headteacher complaint handler will seek to darify the nature of the complaint, ask what remains unresolved and what outcome the complainant would like to see. The headteacher should can consider whether a face to face meeting is the most appropriate way of doing this. In-person communication is preferable wherever possible throughout the process, to aid information flow and maintain a positive relationship between all parties.

Investigating: The headteacher or appointed governor may delegate any part or all of the investigation to another member of the school's senior leadership team but will not delegate the decision about the merits of the complaint. The headteacher may delegate any investigation to another member of the school's senior leadership team but will not delegate the decision about the merits of the complaint.

During an investigation, the headteacher (or designated member of staff)complaint handler will, if necessary, interview those involved in the matter and/or those complained of, allowing them to be accompanied if they wish, and will keep a written record of any meetings/interviews in relation to the investigation. Staff members may be accompanied at these meetings by a colleague or trade union representative if they wish.

<u>Outcome:</u> At the conclusion of the investigation, the headteacher will provide a formal written response, within twenty school days of the date of receipt of the complaint.

The response will detail any actions taken to investigate the complaint and provide a full explanation of the decision made and the reason(s) for it. Where appropriate, it will include details of actions the school will take to resolve the complaint. Potential outcomes are listed at the start of section 7.

<u>Appeal:</u> The headteacher will advise the complainant of how to escalate their complaint should they remain dissatisfied with the outcome of Formal Stage 1.

7.3 Formal Stage 2

<u>Escalating the complaint:</u> If the complainant is dissatisfied with the outcome at Formal Stage 1 and wishes to take the matter further, they can escalate the complaint to Formal Stage 2 – a meeting with a panel of three members of the governing board convened for this purpose. This is the final stage of the complaints' procedure.

A request to escalate to Stage 2 must be made to the clerk to the governing board, via the school office, within twenty school days of receipt of the Formal Stage 1 response. Requests received outside of this timeframe will only be considered if the clerk to the governing board, having taken appropriate advice, considers that exceptional circumstances apply.

Acknowledging Receipt: The clerk to the governing board will record the date the request to escalate the complaint is received, and acknowledge receipt in writing (either by letter or email) within five school days.

The clerk to the governing board will aim to convene a meeting of the governors' complaints panel which is within twenty school days of receipt of the Stage 2 request. If this is not possible, the clerk will provide an anticipated date and keep the complainant informed.

<u>Assembling a complaints panel:</u> The complaints panel will comprise at least three impartial governors with no prior involvement with the complaint.

If there are fewer than three governors from this school available, the clerk to the governing board, or the minute clerk for the hearing, will seek to source additional, independent governors through another local school or academy, in order to make up the panel. Alternatively, an entirely independent panel may be convened to hear the complaint at Formal Stage 2.

<u>Complaints Panel Hearing:</u> If the complainant rejects the offer of three proposed dates, without good reason, the clerk to the governing board, or the minute clerk for the hearing, will decide when to hold the meeting, in consultation with the governors' panel. It will then proceed in the complainant's absence on the basis of written submissions from both parties.

A suitable venue must be provided for the meeting which includes separate waiting areas for the two parties and refreshments for all involved.

At least ten school days before the meeting, the clerk to the governing board, or the minute clerk for the hearing, will:

- __*confirm and notify the complainant of the date, time and venue of the meeting, ensuring that the dates are convenient to all parties and that the venue and proceedings are accessible;
- *request copies from both parties of any further written material to be submitted to the panel at least five school days before the meeting;
- *request that both parties provide names of any witnesses to be called and the nature of the evidence which they will be providing, at least five days in advance of the meeting. The panel has the discretion not to admit a witness if they do not consider their evidence to be relevant to the complaint.

The complainant may bring someone with them to the panel meeting to provide support. This can be a relative or friend. Other than in exceptional circumstances (as agreed in advance with the governors' panel) this should not be a legal representative. This companion will not have the right to speak on the complainant's behalf.

If a school employee is called as a witness in a complaints meeting, they may wish to be supported by a representative of their trade union. Any such representative will be present in a supportive capacity only and will not be allowed to speak on the member of staff's behalf.

Minutes of the meeting will be taken by the clerk to the governing board, or a minute clerk appointed specifically for the hearing by the governors' panel.

There will be no audio or visual recording of the proceedings by any party unless a complainant's own disability or individual needs require it. Prior knowledge and consent of all parties attending must be sought before recordings of meetings or conversations take place. Consent will be recorded in any minutes taken. A copy of the minutes of the meeting, once approved by the governors' panel, will be shared with all parties.

The panel will not normally accept, as evidence, recordings of conversations that were obtained covertly and without the informed consent of all parties being recorded.

The panel will not review any new complaints at this stage or consider evidence unrelated to the initial complaint to be included. New complaints must be dealt with from Formal Stage 1 of the procedure.

The meeting will be held in private and proceedings will be treated as confidential.

The meeting will follow the process outlined in Appendix C.

The governors' panel will consider the complaint and all the evidence presented. The panel can:

- *uphold the complaint in whole or in part
- •___*dismiss the complaint in whole or in part.

If the complaint is upheld in whole or in part, the panel will:

- •__*_decide on the appropriate action to be taken to resolve the complaint
- *where appropriate, recommend changes to the school's systems or procedures to prevent similar issues in the future.

The chair of the panel will provide the complainant and the headteacher/chair of governors (depending on who conducted Formal Stage 1) with a full explanation of the panel's decision and the reason(s) for it, in writing, within five school days. The response will also detail any actions taken to investigate the complaint and, where appropriate, will include details of actions the school will take to resolve the complaint.

The letter to the complainant will include details of how to contact the DfE if they are dissatisfied with the way their complaint has been handled by the school.

8. Further EscalationNext Steps

If the complainant believes the school did not handle their complaint in accordance with this complaints procedure or it acted unlawfully or unreasonably in the exercise of its duties under education law, they can contact the DfE after they have completed Formal Stage 2.

The DfE will not reinvestigate the substance of complaints generally, or overturn any decisions made by the school. They will consider whether the school has adhered to education legislation and any statutory policies connected with the complaint.

The complainant can refer their complaint to the DfE online at: www.education.gov.uk/contactus, by telephone on: 0370 000 2288 or by writing to:

Department for Education,

Piccadilly Gate,

Store Street, Manchester, M1 2WD.

Appendix A: Scope of this Complaints Procedure

This procedure covers all complaints other than those that are dealt with under other statutory procedures, including those listed below. As noted below, school employees may not use this procedure to raise concerns relating to their employment.

Exceptions	Who to contact	
Admissions to schools	Concerns about admissions, statutory assessments of Special	
Statutory assessments of Special	Educational Needs, or school re-organisation proposals should be	
Educational Needs	raised with Cheshire East Borough Council,	
School re-organisation proposals	School Admissions and Organisation	
	0300 123 5012	
	http://www.cheshireeast.gov.uk/schools/admissions/admissions.aspx	
Matters likely to require a Child	Complaints about child protection matters are handled under our	
Protection Investigation	child protection and safeguarding policy and in accordance with	
_	relevant statutory guidance.	
	Safeguarding Children in Education (SCiES)	
	01606 275039	
	http://www.cheshireeast.gov.uk/schools/safeguarding in education/	
	safeguarding_in_education.aspx	
Exclusion of children from school*	Further information about raising concerns about exclusion can be	
	found at: www.gov.uk/school-discipline-exclusions/exclusions.	
	*complaints about the application of the behaviour policy can be	
	made through this procedure.	
Whistleblowing	We have an internal whistleblowing procedure for all our employees,	
	including temporary staff and contractors.	
	The Secretary of State for Education is the prescribed person for	
	matters relating to education for whistleblowers in education who do	
	not want to raise matters direct with their employer. Referrals can be	
	made at: www.education.gov.uk/contactus.	
	Volunteer staff who have concerns about our school should complain	
	through the school's complaints procedure. You may also be able to	
	complain direct to the LA or the DfE (see link above), depending on	
	the substance of your complaint.	
Staff grievances	Complaints from staff will be dealt with under the school's internal	
	grievance procedures.	
Staff conduct	Complaints about staff will be dealt with under the school's internal	
	disciplinary procedures, if appropriate.	
	Complainants will not be informed of any disciplinary action taken	
	against a staff member as a result of a complaint.	
	However, the complainant will be notified that the matter is being	
	addressed.	
Complaints about services provided	Providers should have their own complaints procedure to deal with	
by other providers who may use	complaints about service. Please contact them direct.	
school premises or facilities		
National Curriculum -content	Please contact the Department for Education at:	
	www.education.gov.uk/contactus	

If other bodies are investigating aspects of the complaint, for example the police, LA safeguarding teams or tribunals, this may impact on our ability to adhere to the timescales within this procedure or result in the procedure being suspended until those public bodies have completed their investigations.

If a complainant commences legal action against the school, the complaints procedure may be suspended until those legal proceedings have concluded.

Appendix B: Complaints Form

Please complete and return to the school office marked private and confidential for the attention of the headteacher or chair of governors who will acknowledge receipt and explain what action will be taken.

Your name:
Pupil's name (if relevant):
Your relationship to the pupil (if relevant):
Address:
Postcode:
Day time telephone number:
Evening telephone number: Please give details of your complaint, including whether you have spoken to anybody at the school about it.
rieuse give details of your complaint, including whether you have spoken to anybody at the school about it.
William Attends of the the control of the control o
What actions do you feel might resolve the problem at this stage?
Are you attaching any paperwork? If so, please give details.

Signature:
Date:
Official use
Date acknowledgement sent:
but demonedgement sem.
By who:
Complaint referred to:
Date:

Appendix C: Arrangements and Procedure for Governors' Panel Hearing

- 1. The governors' panel will agree a chair from amongst their number.
- 2. Although this procedure may appear formal, the hearing should be conducted in as informal a way as possible, and the chair of the panel should make every effort to make all parties feel comfortable.
- 3. The chair of the panel will introduce all the parties present and explain the procedure to be followed, and that every effort will be made to keep the process as informal as possible.
- 4. The complainant will outline their complaint and explain why they are dissatisfied with the school's response at Formal Stage 1. The complainant may call any witnesses in support of their complaint who will attend the meeting only for the time that they are providing information, and may be questioned by all parties.
- 5. The headteacher and/or chair of governors and the governors on the panel will have the opportunity to ask questions of the complainant.
- 6. The headteacher and/or chair of governors will explain their involvement in the complaint and the reasons for their decisions at the informal and first formal stage. The headteacher and/or chair of governors may call any witnesses in support of his/her statement who will attend the meeting only for the time that they are providing information, and may be questioned by all parties.
- 7. The complainant and the governors on the panel will have the opportunity to ask questions of the headteacher and/or chair of governors.
- 8. Both parties will be given the opportunity to sum up their statements, ending with the complainant. No new material may be introduced at this stage.
- 9. The governors may decide to adjourn the hearing pending further investigation at any stage, if this seems necessary.
- 10. Both parties will leave the meeting and the governors will consider the information that has been put to them. The clerk will remain for this part of the meeting in order to clarify anything if necessary, but the governors' deliberations will not be minuted.
- 11. The governors' panel must reach a unanimous or majority decision as to whether or not to uphold the complaint wholly or in part, and what action (if any) the school needs to take to resolve the complaint. This may include referring the matter to another formal process, whether in relation to a complaint against a governor or a member of the school staff. Normally the governors will reach a decision at this point but they may feel the need to take further advice. Where this is the case they should endeavour to reach a decision as soon as possible.
- 12. The governors will communicate their response to both parties in writing as soon as possible but, in any case, within five working days of reaching their decision.

Appendix D: Policy for Managing Serial or Unreasonable Complaints

- 1. This school is committed to dealing with all complaints fairly and impartially, and to providing a high quality service to those who complain. We will not normally limit the contact complainants have with our school. However, we do not expect our staff to tolerate unacceptable behaviour and will take action to protect staff from that behaviour, including that which is abusive, offensive or threatening.
- 2. This school defines unreasonable behaviour as that which hinders our consideration of complaints because of the frequency or nature of the complainant's contact with the school. For example if the complainant:
- * refuses to articulate their complaint or specify the grounds of a complaint or the outcomes sought by raising the complaint, despite offers of assistance
- * refuses to co-operate with the complaints investigation process
- * refuses to accept that certain issues are not within the scope of the complaints procedure
- * insists on the complaint being dealt with in ways which are incompatible with the complaints procedure or with good practice
- * introduces trivial or irrelevant information which they expect to be taken into account and commented on
- * raises large numbers of detailed but unimportant questions, and insists they are fully answered, often immediately and to their own timescales
- * makes unjustified complaints about staff who are trying to deal with the issues, and seeks to have them replaced
- * changes the basis of the complaint as the investigation proceeds
- *repeatedly makes the same complaint (despite previous investigations or responses concluding that the complaint is groundless or has been addressed)
- *refuses to accept the findings of the investigation into that complaint where the school's complaint procedure has been fully and properly implemented and completed including referral to the DfE
- * seeks an unrealistic outcome
- * makes excessive demands on school time by frequent, lengthy and complicated contact with staff regarding the complaint in person, in writing, by email and by telephone while the complaint is being dealt with
- * uses threats to intimidate
- * uses abusive, offensive or discriminatory language or violence
- * knowingly provides falsified information
- * publishes unacceptable information on social media or other public forums.
- 3. Complainants should try to limit their communication with the school that relates to their complaint, while the complaint is being progressed. It is not helpful if repeated correspondence is sent (either by letter, phone, email or text), as it could delay the outcome being reached.
- 4. Whenever possible, the headteacher or chair of governors will discuss any concerns with the complainant informally before applying an 'unreasonable' marking.
- 5. If the behaviour continues, the headteacher will write to the complainant explaining that their behaviour is unreasonable and ask them to change it. For complainants who excessively contact the school causing a significant level of disruption, we may specify methods of communication and limit the number of contacts in a communication plan. This will be reviewed after six months.
- 6. In response to any incident of aggression or violence, we will immediately inform the police, where appropriate, and communicate our actions in writing. This may include barring an individual from the school premises.

Appendix E - Additional Information outside of the model policy.

Appendix E 1

School Complaints Procedure

Guidance for Governors - on formal Stage 2

Our school has a complaints procedure to ensure we respond to complaints as quickly and as effectively as possible. (A copy of the full policy can be obtained from the school).

If the headteacher/chair of governors is unable to resolve the matter informally, the complaint can be referred to a Complaints Committee appointed by the governing board. The aim of the hearing is to establish any areas of agreement and identify actions that can be taken to resolve the complaint. The governing board may nominate a number of members with delegated powers to hear complaints at that stage, and set out its terms of reference. These can include:

- •___*drawing up its procedures; hearing individual appeals
- *making recommendations on policy as a result of complaints.

The procedure adopted by the committee for hearing appeals is part of the school's complaints procedure. The committee can be drawn from the nominated members and or other governing boards. The usual complement is three governors. The committee may choose its own chair. Academies MUST have at least one member that is independent of the leadership or running of the academy.

The Remit of the Complaints Committee

The committee has delegated powers to:

- •____*_Uphold the complaint in whole or in part

- *Recommend changes to the school's systems or procedures to ensure that problems of a similar nature do not recur.

There are several points which any governor sitting on a complaints committee needs to remember:

- *It is important that the hearing is independent and impartial and that it is seen to be so. No governor may sit on the committee if they have had a prior involvement in the complaint or in the circumstances surrounding it. In deciding the make-up of the committee, governors need to try and ensure that it is a cross-section of the categories of governor and sensitive to the issues of race, gender and religious affiliation.
- *The aim of the hearing, which needs to be held in private, will always be to resolve the complaint and achieve reconciliation between the school and the complainant. However, it has to be recognised that the complainant might not be satisfied with the outcome if the hearing does not find in their favour. It may not be possible for the panel to establish the facts e.g. if there is insufficient corroborative evidence to enable it to form a view; its only alternative in this case is to make recommendations which will satisfy the complainant that their complaint has been taken seriously.
- *An effective committee will acknowledge that many complainants feel nervous and inhibited in a formal setting.
- Parents often feel emotional when discussing an issue that affects their child. The committee chair will
 ensure that the proceedings are as welcoming as possible.
- *The layout of the room will set the tone and care is needed to ensure the setting is informal and not adversarial.
- Extra care needs to be taken when the complainant is a child. Careful consideration of the atmosphere and proceedings will ensure that the child does not feel intimidated. The committee needs to be aware of the views of the child and give them equal consideration to those of adults. Where the child's parent is the

complainant, it would be helpful to give the parent the opportunity to say which parts of the hearing, if any, the child needs to attend.

The Chair of the Committee has a key role, ensuring that:

- <u>*</u>The remit of the committee is explained to the parties and each party has the opportunity of putting their case forward without undue interruption
- •___*the issues are addressed
- <u>*</u>key findings of fact are made
- * the hearing is conducted in an informal manner with each party treating the other with respect and courtesy
- * the committee is open minded and acting independently
- *_no member of the committee has a vested interest in the outcome of the proceedings or any involvement in an earlier stage of the procedure
- *each side is given the opportunity to state their case and ask questions
- *written material is seen by all parties. If a new issue arises it would be useful to give all parties the opportunity to consider and comment on it.

Checklist for a Complaints Committee Hearing

The committee needs to take the following points into account:

- •___*Witnesses are only required to attend for the part of the hearing in which they give their evidence
- *After introductions, the complainant is invited to explain their complaint, and be followed by their witnesses

- *The committee may ask questions at any point
- *The complainant is then invited to sum up their complaint
- \bullet Both parties leave together while the committee decides on the issues
- \bullet The chair explains that both parties will hear from the committee within a set timescale.

Notification of the Committee's Decision

The chair of the committee needs to ensure that the complainant is notified of the committee's decision, in writing, with the committee's response; this usually will be within 5 days of the date of the hearing. The letter needs to explain how to contact the DfE if they remain unsatisfied.

Investigating Complaints – Interviewing Best Practice Guidance for Schools

Children and Young People

Children/young people should be interviewed in the presence of another member of staff, or in the case of serious complaints (e.g. where the possibility of criminal investigation exists) in the presence of their parents/carers. However, it might not always be possible to conduct an interview in case it prejudices a (LADO) Local Authority Designated Officer or police investigation.

Care should be taken in these circumstances not to create an intimidating atmosphere.

Children/young people should be told what the interview is about and that they can have someone with them.

Staff / Witnesses

Explain the complaint and your role clearly to the interviewee and confirm that they understand the complaints procedure and their role in it.

Staff are allowed a colleague to support them at their interview. The colleague must not be anyone likely to be interviewed themselves, including their line manager.

Use open, not leading questions.

Do not express opinions in words or attitude.

Ask single not multiple questions, i.e. one question at a time.

Try to separate 'hearsay' evidence from fact by asking interviewees how they know a particular fact.

Persist with questions if necessary. Do not be afraid to ask the same question twice. Make notes of each answer aiven

Deal with conflicting evidence by seeking corroborative evidence. If this is not available, discuss with the complaints co-ordinator/ headteacher/ chair of governors the option of a meeting between the conflicting witnesses.

Make a formal record of the interview from the written notes as soon as possible while the memory is fresh. Show the interviewee the formal record, ask if they have anything to add, and to sign the record as accurate.

Appendix E3

Adopted on:

Barring from the School Premises

Although fulfilling a public function, schools are private places. The public has no automatic right of entry. Schools will therefore act to ensure they remain a safe place for pupils, staff and other members of their community.

If a parent's behaviour is a cause for concern, a school can ask them to leave school premises. In serious cases, the headteacher or the LA can notify them in writing that their implied licence to be on school premises has been temporarily revoked subject to any representations that the parent may wish to make. Schools should always give the parent the opportunity to formally express their views on the decision to bar in writing. The decision to bar should then be reviewed, taking into account any representations made by the parent, and either confirmed or lifted. If the decision is confirmed the parent should be notified in writing, explaining how long the bar will be in place.

Anyone wishing to complain about being barred can do so, by letter or email, to the headteacher or chair of governors. However, complaints about barring cannot be escalated to the DfE. Once the school's own complaints procedure has been completed, the only remaining avenue of appeal is through the Courts; independent legal advice must therefore be sought.

For Review on:	
Signed	
Chair of Governing Board	
Date	

Appendix E4

Example Policy on managing aggressive behaviour of parents and visitors to our school

Statement of principles

The governing board of Wincle CE Primary School encourages close links with parents and the community. It believes that pupils benefit when the relationship between home and school is a positive one.

The vast majority of parents, carers and others visiting our school are keen to work with us and are supportive of the school. However, on the rare occasions when a negative attitude towards the school is expressed, this can result in aggression, verbal and or physical abuse towards members of school staff or the wider school community.

The governing board expects and requires its members of staff to behave professionally in these difficult situations and attempt to defuse the situation where possible, seeking the involvement as appropriate of other colleagues. However, all members of staff have the right to work without fear of violence and abuse, and the right, in an extreme case, of appropriate self defence.

We expect parents and other visitors to behave in a reasonable way towards members of school staff. This policy outlines the steps that will be taken where behaviour is unacceptable.

Types of behaviour that are considered serious and unacceptable and will not be tolerated:

- Physically intimidating a member of staff, e.g. standing very close to them
- •___— the use of aggressive hand gestures
- Heatening behaviour
- ___ -shaking or holding a fist towards another person
- —swearing
- _________pushing
- •__—Hitting, e.g. slapping, punching and kicking
- _________spitting
- \blacksquare breaching the school's security procedures.

This is not an exhaustive list but seeks to provide illustrations of such behaviour.

Unacceptable behaviour may result in the LA and the police being informed of the incident.

Procedure to be followed:

If a parent/carer behaves in an unacceptable way towards a member of the school community, the headteacher or appropriate senior staff will seek to resolve the situation through discussion and mediation. They should make clear what behaviour has been deemed unacceptable and point to the Code of Conduct which all parents should have signed in acknowledgement. If necessary, the school's complaints procedure should be followed. Where all procedures have been exhausted, and aggression or intimidation continue, or where there is an extreme act of violence, a parent or carer may be barred by the headteacher from the school premises for a period of time, subject to review.

In imposing a bar the following steps will be taken:

- 1.—1.—The parent/carer will be informed, in writing, that -they are barred from the premises, subject to review, and what will happen if the bar is breached, e.g. that police involvement or an injunction application may follow.
- 2.—Where an assault has led to- a bar, a statement indicating that the matter has been reported to the LA
 and the police will be included.

- $\underline{\textbf{3.}}\underline{\textbf{3.}}\text{-}\text{The chair of governors/LA}$ will be informed of the bar.
- 4.— 4.—Where appropriate, arrangements for pupils being delivered to, and collected from, the school gate will be clarified.

Conclusion

Either the school or the LA may take action where behaviour is unacceptable or there are serious breaches of our home-school code of conduct or health and safety legislation. In implementing this policy, the-school will, as appropriate, seek advice from the LA's education, health and safety and legal departments, to ensure fairness and consistency.

consistency.
This Policy will be reviewed annually.
Adopted on:
For Review on:
Signed
Chair of Governing Board
Date